



## CoNGO COMMUNICATION

UN Post-2015 Development Agenda

January 2014

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## **Presidential Introduction**

This is the Sixth CoNGO COMMUNICATION on the Post-2015 Development Agenda, and it is the last that will have been prepared by Catherine Gauthier of the University of Sherbrooke, as she is now returning to complete her studies. I express deep thanks to Catherine for her diligent commitment to this task; for her intelligent research, analysis and editing; and for her "typically Québécoise" ability to produce her output equally in English and French!

My thanks also go to the École de politique appliquée of the University of Sherbrooke for authorizing and supporting Catherine's engagement in this CoNGO activity, which has been so widely welcomed in the CoNGO constituency. All our best wishes to Catherine for her academic and future career.

And this is certainly not the end of the COMMUNICATION series. After a short reassessment period, we hope to be back on track within a couple of months.

As regards the content of the CoNGO COMMUNICATION, in response to a number of suggestions and requests from CoNGO members, the Calendar that appears at the end of the COMMUNICATION is being extended timewise, to encourage and assist with advance planning. This itself is an illustration of how important it is for civil society to be engaged in the long-term in the Post-2015 process and in the intricate negotiations on the future Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Drawing up the Post-2015 Agenda is an endeavour that covers multiple sectors of international and national policies, challenges and aspirations. Competent Civil Society input at all stages is essential to achieving an outcome that will adequately reflect the needs and expectations of the world's peoples.

It is thus only natural that the theme of the CoNGO General Assembly (New York, April 2-3-4, 2014) is DEFINING A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE. I look forward to seeing CoNGO Members there in large numbers so that we can TOGETHER define the future we want and need.

Cyril Ritchie, President of CoNGO

## **Updates on the Open Working Group**

The sixth session of the Open Working Group (OWG) on sustainable development goals (SDGs) concluded on 13 December after five days of discussion.

The themes of the sixth session of the OWG on sustainable development goals were: means of implementation (science and technology, knowledge-sharing and capacity building); global partnership for achieving sustainable development; needs of countries in special situations, African countries, least developed countries (LDCs), landlocked developing countries (LLDCs), and small island developing states (SIDS) as well as specific challenges facing the middle-income countries; and human rights, the right to development, and global governance.

The Co-Chairs stated that there had been broad agreement that ambitious goals could not be set without considering how they will be achieved and what it will need in terms of political will, financing, technology, capacity building and partnerships, policies and institutions. Many parties

had called for defining means of implementation for each of the goals to be proposed. Science, technology and innovation were seen as imperative for future SDGs.

## Different Countries, Different Approaches

“There is no one-size-fits-all regarding sustainable development. Different approaches are needed for different countries,” said Mahmoud Mohieldin, the World Bank Group President’s Special Envoy on the MDGs and Financial Development, as the meeting engaged in views on countries with special needs and in special situations.

## Promotion of Gender Equality

The importance of SDGs that promote gender equality was highlighted a number of times.

On 16 December the global e-consultation for feedback to the OWG regarding the issue brief on inequality entitled "Promoting Equality, Including Social Equity", was officially launched.

Nebila Abdulmelik with FEMNET from the Women’s Major Group (WMG) addressed the chairs on issues such as land grabbing and gender-based violence that hinder women’s full capacity in African countries and is not reflected in the economic growth and development of these countries. She urged the chairs that “measures put in place must be people centered and rights based” in order to remedy inequalities and affect change.

To read more:

A summary of the sixth session of the OWG along with a wealth of information and resources about and from the session are available on the Sustainable Development Knowledge Platform website: <http://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/index.php?menu=1678>

IISD has published a report on the sixth session of the OWG:  
<http://www.iisd.ca/vol32/enb3206e.html>

The UN Non-Governmental Liaison Service offers different perspectives on the needs of countries in special situations: <http://www.un-ngls.org/spip.php?article4384> and on human rights, right to development, and global governance: <http://www.un-ngls.org/spip.php?article4386>

To read the OWG Issues Brief on inequality, "Promoting Equality, Including Social Equity":  
<http://www.worldwewant2015.org/inequalities>

## Seventh Session of the Open Working Group

### *Sustainable Cities and Human Settlements, and Sustainable Transport*

Opening the seventh session of the Open Working Group (OWG) on Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) on 6 January 2014, OWG Co-Chair Macharia Kamau, Kenya, reminded delegates that in December they had agreed on a way forward. The OWG then began its discussion with

sustainable cities and human settlements, and sustainable transport. Issues raised included: rising inequality in cities, the importance of proper urban planning, inclusive polices and participatory decision-making, improving access to sustainable transportation, improving rural services, homelessness and slums, clean air and water, empowerment of women and youth, climate change, habitat losses and traffic. While some advocated for stand-alone goals on transport and urbanization, others cautioned about the proliferation of proposals for potential SDGs.

### *Sustainable Consumption and Production*

On 8 January, delegates began their discussion of sustainable consumption and production, including chemicals and waste. Delegates, in their statements, referred to, among other issues: developing countries' lack of capacity for the sound management of chemicals and wastes, and the need for assistance through technology transfer and capacity building; great urgency for the present generation to adopt consumption and production patterns that safeguard the rights of future generations; and equitable and balanced global consumption of resources.

### *Climate Change and Disaster Risk Reduction*

The Trusteeship Council Chamber was considerably more crowded on 9 January, with climate change and disaster risk reduction on the agenda. Keynote speaker Andrew Steer, President and CEO of the World Resources Institute (WRI), said that if you care about poverty reduction and development, you must care about climate change. He stressed that he wasn't arguing for a stand-alone SDG or specific targets on climate, but stressed that every goal needs to reflect climate change. During the subsequent exchange of national views, many delegates acknowledged that a global development agenda that ignores climate change would be unacceptable.

Finally, on 10 January, the OWG on SDGs led to in-depth discussion on the Group's way forward after the stocktaking phase ends in February. As the OWG approaches its next phase of work, specific proposals have become sharper and more concrete. There will be an informal consultation before the February session at a date and time to be announced.

To read more: <http://www.iisd.ca/sdgs/owg7/intro.html>

### **Mainstreaming Disability in the Post-2015 Development Agenda**

The Social Policy and Development Division of the UN Department of Economic and Social Affairs reviewed the concept of accessibility and its role in achieving inclusive and sustainable development in its publication "Accessibility and Development - Mainstreaming disability in the post-2015 development agenda".

The publication proposes that accessibility be, not only a means and a goal of inclusive development, but also an enabler of an improved, participative economic and social environment for all members of society, including persons with disabilities. It also reviews good practices and lessons learned from both top-down and bottom-up approaches in promoting accessibility in practice.

To read the full publication:

[http://www.un.org/disabilities/documents/accessibility\\_and\\_development.pdf](http://www.un.org/disabilities/documents/accessibility_and_development.pdf)

## A New Envoy on Disability

On 19 December 2013, the UN Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon announced the appointment of Lenín Voltaire Moreno Garcés of Ecuador as his Special Envoy on Disability and Accessibility.

In his new post, Mr. Moreno will help promote the rights of people with disabilities, who number more than one billion, and also advocate on behalf of accessibility for all people.

“In spite of the remarkable advances toward accessible and disability-inclusive societies an enormous gap remains between the commitments made and the daily experiences of persons with disabilities,” the appointment announcement noted.

To read more:

<http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=46789&Cr=disability&Cr1=#.UsCy6mTuluh>

## Running Out of Time to Get to Zero Net Emissions

Christiana Figueres, Executive Secretary of the UN’s Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) expects work on what is guaranteed to be a controversial deal to start in little over 8 weeks time, giving diplomats seven months to flesh out proposals before the main climate summit of 2014 opens in Lima on 1 December.

“In March we will have a session of the Durban Platform [2015 deal talks] that will begin to look at what is the content of the agreement of 2015 going to be, and will be preparation for the draft agreement that will be out on the table as governments go to Lima, so not as a result of Lima but as they go to Lima,” she told.

The pressure is starting to mount for a process that is designed to avert dangerous levels of global warming, but has so far not managed to deliver anything close to the level of greenhouse gas emission cuts needed to do that.

“We’re running out of time... we have to get to zero net emissions by the second half of this century, and in order to put us on a path to do that we have to reverse the trajectory of GHG emissions that we have now,” Figueres says.

To read more: <http://www.rtcc.org/2014/01/06/figueres-not-backing-2015-climate-change-treaty-will-be-unacceptable/>

## Special Envoys on Climate Change

The UN Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon announced the appointment of two Special Envoys on Climate Change. The Special Envoys are John Kufuor, former President of Ghana, and Jens Stoltenberg, former Prime Minister of Norway.

The UN Secretary-General has asked the Special Envoys to assist in engaging Heads of State and Government around the world in order to mobilize political will and action, and raise ambition in advance of the 2014 Climate Summit that he is hosting in New York on 23 September 2014.

As part of their work, the Special Envoys will assist the UN Secretary-General in his consultations with leaders to raise the level of ambition to address climate change and to accelerate action. They will also provide strategic advice to the UN Secretary-General based on their consultations.

To read more: <http://www.un.org/climatechange/blog/2013/12/23/secretary-general-appoints-special-envoys-on-climate-change-to-engage-global-leaders-ahead-of-2014-climate-summit/>

## Renewable Energy and Development

Energy access is a powerful tool to development. The United Nations and the World Bank, recently came together to underscore their efforts to activate financing dedicated to delivering modern energy access by 2030 to the 1 in 5 people currently living without electricity.

Given that the majority of the 1.4 billion people without electricity live in rural, dispersed communities, it would be wise for the international development community to mobilize energy access strategies that reflect this reality by supporting off-grid renewable energy.

Mini-grids – powered purely by renewable energy or hybridized for reliability with diesel generators – can be deployed faster than a centralized grid, have the flexibility to upgrade capacity to meet a community's increased energy demands and can interface with the national grid when and if it reaches the area.

To read more: <https://www.devex.com/en/news/rural-energy-access-the-case-for-renewable-energy/82580>

## World Economic Situation and Prospects 2014

On 18 December 2013, the United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UN/DESA), the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and the five United Nations regional commissions (Economic Commission for Africa (ECA), Economic Commission for Europe (ECE), Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP) and Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) launched the first chapter of the World Economic Situation and Prospects 2014 (WESP) report.

According to the report, global economic growth should increase over the next two years with continuing signs of improvement. The global economy is expected to grow at a pace of 3.0 per cent in 2014 and 3.3 per cent in 2015, compared with an estimated growth of 2.1 per cent for 2013.

To read the WESP report's first chapter:

[http://www.un.org/en/development/desa/policy/wesp/wesp\\_current/2014Chap1\\_en.pdf](http://www.un.org/en/development/desa/policy/wesp/wesp_current/2014Chap1_en.pdf)

## The Intergovernmental Committee of Experts on Sustainable Development Financing

The UN Non-Governmental Liaison Service (UN-NGLS) published its third issue of The Post 2015. In the primer, the UN-NGLS highlights the work of the Intergovernmental Committee of Experts on Sustainable Development Financing (ICESDF).

The brief explains the composition, the calendar, the secretariat and the thematic areas of interest of the ICESDF. It also provides detailed information on ways civil society and other stakeholders can engage with the committee and its experts.

To read the Issue #3 of The Post 2015 (in French only):

[http://www.un-ngls.org/spip.php?spip.php&page=article\\_fr\\_s&id\\_article=4379](http://www.un-ngls.org/spip.php?spip.php&page=article_fr_s&id_article=4379)

## Reducing Poverty and Creating Employment

The Social Policy and Development Division of the UN Department of Economic and Social Affairs brought together specialists to undertake a review of progress in eradicating poverty and to analyse policy responses to the global jobs crisis in different countries and regions of the world.

In its E-publication, it calls for a reorientation of macroeconomic policies from the current heavy emphasis on short-term stability to the promotion of sustained, inclusive and equitable growth. It stresses the need for the integration of social and economic policies to enable the attainment of people-centred development outcomes.

To read the full publication:

<http://www.un.org/esa/socdev/documents/employment/twinchallenges.pdf>

## Post-2015 Goals and Middle Income Countries

Middle-income countries will be critical in establishing and meeting post-2015 development goals, wrote Alex Evans on 27 December 2013 in The Guardian. Without the support of these countries, the post-2015 goals won't be universal and won't help the poor living in those countries, he argues.

Middle-income countries include not just the emerging economies of Brazil, Russia, India, China and South Africa, but also players like Indonesia, Turkey, and a range of highly influential Latin American countries, including Mexico and Colombia – that could have the casting vote on the new development agenda.

Governments agreed at this year's UN General Assembly that the post-2015 goals should be universal, targeting not only the 1 billion people living in absolute poverty, but all 7 billion of the world's inhabitants. The reality, though, is that the new development agenda will be anything but that unless middle-income countries engage with it seriously – and at present, it's unclear what, if anything, they really want or feel they stand to gain.

To read more:

<http://www.theguardian.com/global-development/poverty-matters/2013/dec/27/middle-income-countries-future-of-development>

## A Guidebook for Sustainable Tourism

Tourism is a major activity with characteristics that make it particularly valuable as an agent for development. Developing countries however face a particular fragility in their natural, economic, social and human environments which could jeopardize the sector's dynamism and beneficiary qualities.

The Guidebook "Sustainable Tourism for Development" has been carried out by the United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO) with the financing of the European Commission Directorate-General Development and Cooperation.

It takes a comprehensive approach to tourism, covering a wide range of topics relating to its planning, development, management and impact. By working through the whole document, users can identify priorities for intervention across a spectrum of issues.

The Guidebook is available online in English and in French:

<http://icr.unwto.org/en/content/guidebook-sustainable-tourism-development>

## UN Calls for Respect of Migrants' Rights on International Day

To mark International Migrants Day on 18 December, the UN called on people and Governments to reject xenophobia and embrace migration as an enabler for equitable, inclusive and sustainable social and economic development.

In his message to commemorate the Day, Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon said "there are now some 232 million international migrants bringing consistent benefits to countries of destination and origin through their essential labour and remittances. Yet, this important population remains largely invisible and unheard in society. Too many live and work in the worst conditions with the least access to basic services and fundamental rights, making them disproportionately vulnerable to extortion, violence, discrimination and marginalization."

To read the UN Secretary-General's Message :

<http://www.un.org/en/events/migrantsday/2013/sgmessage.shtml>

## A New Web Portal on Gender, Youth and Migration

UNESCO announced the launch of an online knowledge platform on Gender, Youth and Migration (GYM), as a sub-community of practice of the Gender Community of UN Solution Exchange. The GYM initiative hopes to bridge the gap and link researchers, practitioners and decision makers working on gender, youth and migration in India.

The GYM webpage provides access to over 200 resources on internal migration, gender and youth, at policy, research and case-studies level.



To visit the Gender, Youth and Migration's New Web Portal:  
<http://www.solutionexchange-un-gen-gym.net/>

## **Bridging the Gaps with Solidarity**

On 20 December 2013, the International Human Solidarity Day was celebrated under the theme "Bridging the gaps to reach the Millennium Development Goals".

The UN Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon "urge[d] people from all nations, faiths, cultures and traditions to work together in common cause to keep the promise made at the turn of the Millennium and leave a legacy of peace, prosperity and sustainable progress for generations to come."

The President of the UN General Assembly, John Ashe, highlighted the fact that solidarity will be as crucial as ever as UN Member States shape the development agenda that will follow 2015. "The post-2015 development agenda will represent a significant global evolution in our thinking insofar as it envisions an interdependent, planetary community regardless of disparities in development," he said in his message for the Day.

To read the UN Secretary-General's message:  
<http://www.un.org/en/events/humansolidarityday/2013/sgmessage.shtml>

To read more:  
<http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=46790&Cr=solidarity&Cr1=#.UsrBn2Tului>

## **Calendar**

### **2014**

International Conference on Population and Development+20  
<http://icpdbeyond2014.org/>

International Year of the Family+20  
<http://www.family2014.org/home.php>

### **January**

21-30: ECOSOC Committee on NGOs, Regular Session  
<http://csonet.org/?page=view&nr=206&type=13&menu=14>

27: International Day of Commemoration in Memory of the Victims of the Holocaust  
<http://www.un.org/en/holocaustremembrance/2012/calendar2012.html>

## February

1: Intergovernmental Preparatory Committee for 3<sup>rd</sup> International Conference on SIDS [tentative]

<http://www.un.org/en/ga/second/67/proposalstatus.shtml>

1-4: First Annual Sustainable Development Implementation Forum (Incheon, Korea)

<http://www.unosd.org/index.php?page=view&type=13&nr=16&menu=177>

2: World Wetlands Day

[http://www.ramsar.org/cda/en/ramsar-activities-wwds-wwd2014index/main/ramsar/1-63-78%5E26287\\_4000\\_0](http://www.ramsar.org/cda/en/ramsar-activities-wwds-wwd2014index/main/ramsar/1-63-78%5E26287_4000_0)

3-7: Eighth Meeting of the Open Working Group on Sustainable Development Goals, OWG 8 (New York, United States)

<http://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/index.php?menu=1549>

5-8: 14<sup>th</sup> Delhi Sustainable Development Summit: Attaining Energy, Water and Food Security for All (New Delhi, India)

<http://dsds.teriin.org/2014/index.php>

6: International Day of Zero Tolerance to Female Genital Mutilation

10-11: Water, Sanitation and Sustainable Energy in the Post-2015 Development Agenda [tentative] (New York, United States)

[http://www.un.org/en/ga/president/68/pdf/letters/12052013Post-2015\\_Development\\_Agenda.pdf](http://www.un.org/en/ga/president/68/pdf/letters/12052013Post-2015_Development_Agenda.pdf)

10-28: 57<sup>th</sup> Session of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (Geneva, Switzerland)

[http://tbinternet.ohchr.org/\\_layouts/treatybodyexternal/SessionDetails1.aspx?SessionID=813&Lang=en](http://tbinternet.ohchr.org/_layouts/treatybodyexternal/SessionDetails1.aspx?SessionID=813&Lang=en)

11-21: Commission for Social Development 52<sup>nd</sup> Session (New York, United States)

<http://csonet.org/?page=view&nr=207&type=13&menu=14>

19-21: Gender, Water and Development Conference 2014 (East London, South Africa)

<http://water-l.iisd.org/events/gender-water-and-development-conference-2014/>

19-21: Sixth Meeting of the Green Climate Fund Board (Indonesia)

<http://gcfund.net/home.html>

20: World Day of Social Justice

<http://www.un.org/en/events/socialjusticeday/>

24-26: Intergovernmental Preparatory Committee for 3<sup>rd</sup> International Conference on Small Island Developing States (New York, United States)

<http://www.un.org/en/ga/second/68/proposalstatus.shtml>

24-28: Seventh Global Flow Regime from International Experimental and Network Data (FRIEND)-Water Conference (Hanoi, Viet Nam)

[http://www.unesco.org/new/fileadmin/MULTIMEDIA/HQ/SC/pdf/FRIEND-Water2014\\_first\\_circular.pdf](http://www.unesco.org/new/fileadmin/MULTIMEDIA/HQ/SC/pdf/FRIEND-Water2014_first_circular.pdf)

## March

1: UNAIDS Zero Discrimination Day

<http://www.unaids.org/en/resources/campaigns/20131126zerodiscrimination/>

3: World Wildlife Day

3-7: Open Working Group Negotiations on SDGs – First Meeting (New York, United States)

<http://uncsd.iisd.org/events/open-working-group-negotiations-on-sdgs-first-meeting/>

3-7: 3<sup>rd</sup> Session of Intergovernmental Committee of Experts on Sustainable Development Financing [tentative] (New York, United States)

<http://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/index.php?menu=1558>

4-5: First Global Conference on UN Partnership for Action on Green Economy (Dubai, United Arab Emirates)

<http://www.unep.org/newscentre/Default.aspx?DocumentID=2755&ArticleID=9676&l=en>

8: International Women's Day

<http://www.un.org/en/events/womensday/>

10-21: Commission on the Status of Women, 58<sup>th</sup> session (New York, United States)

<http://csonet.org/?page=view&nr=208&type=13&menu=14>

20-21: Third High-level Symposium for 2014 Development Cooperation Forum (Berlin, Germany)

<http://www.un.org/en/ecosoc/newfunct/dcfgermany.shtml>

21: International Day for the Elimination of Racial Discrimination

<http://www.un.org/en/events/racialdiscriminationday/>

22: World Water Day

<http://www.un.org/en/events/waterday/>

24-25: The Role of Women, the Young and Civil Society in the Post-2015 Development Agenda (New York, United States)

[http://www.un.org/en/ga/president/68/pdf/letters/12052013Post-2015\\_Development\\_Agenda.pdf](http://www.un.org/en/ga/president/68/pdf/letters/12052013Post-2015_Development_Agenda.pdf)

## March – April

31 March – April 3: 2014 World Bank Conference on Land and Poverty (Washington, United States)

<http://usaidlandtenure.net/commentary/2013/09/annual-world-bank-conference-on-land-and-poverty-announced>

31 March – April 4: Open Working Group Negotiations on SDGs – Second Meeting (New York, United States)

<http://uncsd.iisd.org/events/open-working-group-negotiations-on-sdgs-second-meeting/>

## April

2-4: CoNGO General Assembly (New York, United States)

<http://www.ngocongo.org/9-what-we-do/81-congo-general-assembly-2014>

7-11: UN Commission on Population and Development, 47<sup>th</sup> Session (New York, United States)

<http://sids-l.iisd.org/events/47th-session-of-the-commission-on-population-and-development/>

14-17: World Summit on the Information Society+10: Review (Geneva, Switzerland)

## May

5-9: Open Working Group Negotiations on SDGs – Third Meeting (New York, United States)

<http://uncsd.iisd.org/events/open-working-group-negotiations-on-sdgs-third-meeting/>

12-23: UN Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues, 13<sup>th</sup> Session (New York, United States)

<http://undesadspd.org/IndigenousPeoples/UNPFIIISessions/Thirteenth.aspx>

12-16: Global Forum on Migration and Development (Stockholm, Sweden)

<https://www.gfmd.org/en/gfmd-2012/key-2013-2014-activities>

19-24: Sixty-seventh World Health Assembly (Geneva, Switzerland)

<http://www.who.int/mediacentre/events/governance/wha/en/>

## June

2-6: Open Working Group Negotiations on SDGs – Fourth Meeting (New York, United States)

<http://uncsd.iisd.org/events/open-working-group-negotiations-on-sdgs-fourth-meeting/>

23-27: United Nations Environment Assembly (Nairobi, Kenya)

<http://climate-l.iisd.org/events/un-environmental-assembly-of-unep/>

## July

[TBD]: Fourth Development Cooperation Forum (New York, United States)  
<http://www.un.org/en/ecosoc/newfunct/2014dcf.shtml>

1-25: Substantive Session of UN ECOSOC (Geneva, Switzerland)  
<http://post2015.iisd.org/events/2013-substantive-session-of-ecosoc/>

14-18: Open Working Group Negotiations on SDGs – Fifth Meeting (New York, United States)  
<http://uncsd.iisd.org/events/open-working-group-negotiations-on-sdgs-fifth-meeting/>

## September

1-4: Third International Conference on Small Island Developing States, SIDS (Apia, Samoa)  
<http://www.sids2014.org/>

22: UNGA Special Session on ICPD Beyond 2014 (New York, United States)  
<http://icpdbeyond2014.org/key-events/view/15-icpd-beyond-2014-review-timeline>

22-23: UN General Assembly High Level Plenary Meeting serving as a World Conference on Indigenous Peoples (New York, United States)  
<http://wcip2014.org/world-conference-on-indigenous-peoples-september-2014>

23: 2014 Climate Summit, organized by UN Secretary-General (New York, United States)  
<http://climate-i.iisd.org/events/2014-climate-summit/>

## October – November

20 October – 7 November: International Telecommunications Union, Plenipotentiary Conference (Busan, Korea)  
<http://www.itu.int/en/plenipotentiary/2014/Pages/default.aspx>

## November

10-12: World Conference on Education for Sustainable Development, organized by UNESCO (Aichi-Nagoya, Japan)  
<http://www.unesco.org/new/en/education/events/calendar-of-events/education-global-conferences/>